The Deaf Community & the Denver Police

Office of Sign Language Services Human Rights & Community Relations





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Working with an Interpreter

- Logistics
- Speaking pace



Process of using an interpreter

Overview

- Working with a Sign Language Interpreter
- Terminology
- Deaf Community Composition & Cultural Information
- Communication Options
- When/How to Obtain a Sign Language Interpreter
 Basic signs & ABCs



TERMINOLOGY



Deaf:

- Moderate-profound hearing loc
- Associates with Deaf culture
- Generally communicates using American Sign Language
- Outdated terms: Deaf-mute, Deaf & Dumb, hearing impaired



Hard of Hearing:



- Mild to moderate hearing loss
- Does not necessarily associate with the Deaf culture
- With use of a hearing aid, may be able to function fairly comfortably in a hearing world

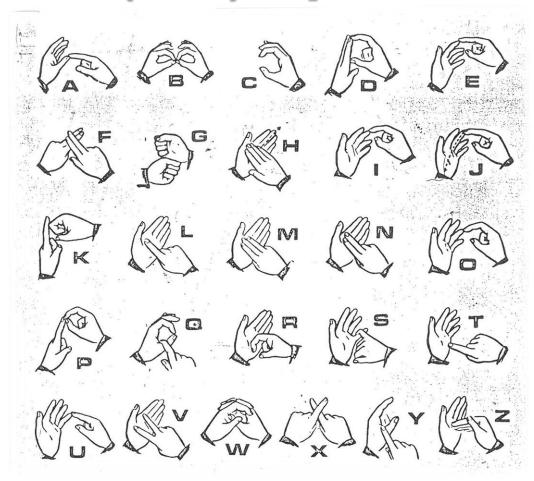
American Sign Language (ASL):

- Native language for majority of Deaf people in the United States
- Visual/spatial language with structural & grammatical rules that differ from the English
 - Has dialects
 - Not universal

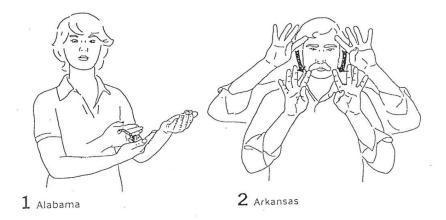


Recognized in CO as a foreign language

British Sign Language (BSL) Alphabet



Dialects: 22 Ways to Sign "Birthday"

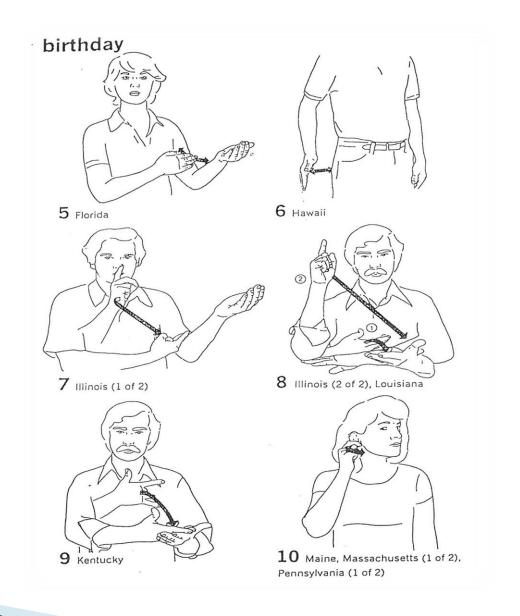




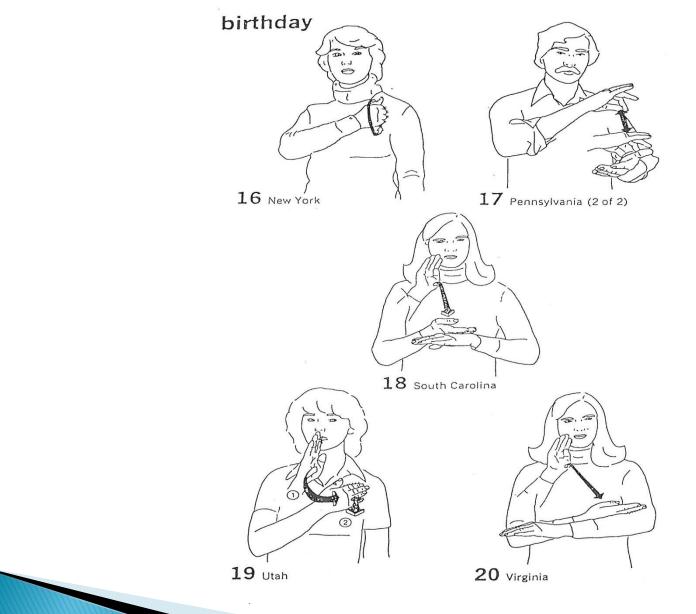


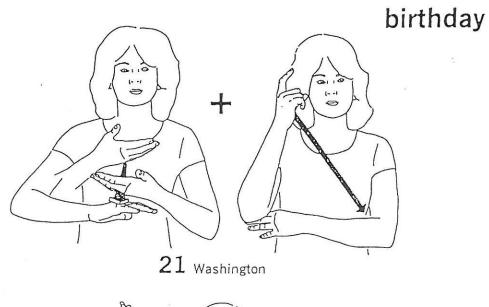
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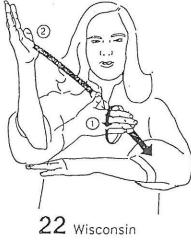
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Sign Language Interpreter:

- Uses manual communication to relay information between hearing and deaf parties
- Colorado Statutes



Certified Deaf Interpreter:

- A Deaf person working as an intermediary interpreter
- Has extensive knowledge & expertise in Deaf- Culture and dialects

DEAF COMMUNITY COMPOSITION & CULTURAL INFORMATION



Deaf/Hard of Hearing Community

- @ 34,000 Deaf people in Colorado
- @19,000 in Denver metro area
- Protected class of people



- Legislation for their protection (ADA)
- Required access to all programs and services--<u>unlike</u> foreign language speakers

 Linguistic/cultural genre of Deaf community: monolingual, bilingual, oral, manual



- Not all are same: age of onset of deafness, degree of hearing loss
- Educational background: school for the deaf vs. mainstreamed school
- Experience in dealing with people who can hear

Recognizing Deafness



- Person shakes head & points to ears
- Person gestures indicating he needs written notes
- Moves hands in a repeated pattern, trying to communicate in sign language
- Appears very alert, watches faces intently but does not respond to sounds or language
- Reacts to environmental noises (siren, alarm, loud noise) but does not understand speech

Attention Getting Strategies

- Walk around in front
- Wave your hand, or tap on hand, arm or shoulder
 Do *not* tap him on his/her back
- Flash headlights, flashlight, or an overhead light in front of the deaf person



COMMUNICATION OPTIONS

Written Communication

- English is a second language for most deaf people
- The average deaf person reads & writes English at a 4th grade level
- Don't assume that writing back & forth is "good enough"



Hello Sara,

Are you surprised me wrote to you message huh!? I wish see you before I leave here for x-mas vacation. I not want to forget to tell you about your sister. I want to know your sister address so I can write to her that's why.

I see you next year. Have a nice Merry Christmas and also Happy New Year.

Pete



Dear Ms. Miller,



Letter sent your got me hello me. Me hello letter sent you for fair. You take dinner me. Saturday OK? Me time 8 p.m. Go house your pick up OK? Quick sent letter me tell no, other time me got Saturday morning, OK? If no get pick up your house time 8 address my:

625 Greenwood Drive zipper for fly fast 91403 Phone no. my Aunt 784–1940

Up Thumb Beverly

-- Your Rights--

You don't have to say anything about this case. Anything you say can be used against you. You have the right to testify if there is a trial but you do not have to testify. If you remain silent, your silence can't be used against you

- □ You have the right to a lawyer at every step of
- If you can't afford to hire your own lawyer and if there is a possibility that you might receive a jail sentence, then you have the right to ask the court to appoint a lawyer for you.
- □ You have the right to a speedy and public trial.
- □ You have the right to have a trial to a judge or to a jury.
- If you want a jury trial, you must ask for one in writing and pay a \$25.00 jury fee within ten (10) days after you *plead* not guilty. If you can't afford to pay the jury fee, you may ask the court to *waive the* fee within ten (10) days after you plead not guilty.

- You have the right to bail. You also have the right to ask the court to reduce your bail if you are unable to pay for or obtain it.
- You are presumed innocent of the charges and you have the right to demand at trial that the prosecution prove each and every element of the charges beyond a reasonable doubt.
- You have the right at trial to confront the witnesses against you and to cross-examine these persons. You also have the right to present evidence in your own defense subpoena witnesses to testify without expense to you.
- You have the right to appeal decisions this court to a higher court.
- If you decide to plead guilty or no contest to any charge or charges, you stated that:

a. You are making a plea knowingly and voluntarily. No one has threatened, coerced or unduly influenced you to make you plea.

b. You are not under the influence of any drugs, intoxicants, or medication which would interfere with your ability to understand your rights as explained in this pamphlet.

c. You understand that:

(i) The sentence is up to the judge or referee who is not bound by any representations made to you by anyone concerning the sentence to be imposed.

(ii) There is a factual basis for your pleas since you agree you could have been found guilty had this case gone to trail, OR you give up your right to a factual basis as a result of a plea bargain agreement with the prosecutor.

(iii) You give up your rights relating to having a trial, mentioned in this pamphlet. You also give up your right to an attorney if you don't already have one.

Denver County Court C/C 360 (Rev. 9/89)

Lip-Reading

- Don't assume a Deaf person can lip-read, or speak
- Approximately 90% do not lip-read proficiently
- Only 25–35% of speech is visible on the lips



Gestures

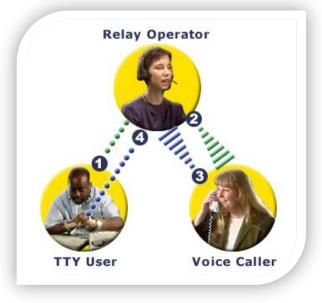
- There are natural gestures you can use to communicate with a deaf person:
 - Wait
 - Come here
 - Over there
 - Calm down
 - Read this
 - Fill this out



Auxiliary Devices

- Telephone Device for Deaf
- VCO phone/Captioned Phones
- Text pagers
- Relay Colorado/ Internet Relay







Auxiliary Devices

- Video Phone
- Video Relay





Visual Alarms





Door Bell Alert

Strobe Light/ Phone Ring Alert



Smoke Detector

SIGN LANGUAGE INTERPRETERS & COLORADO STATUTES

Interpreters & Denver Police

- Qualifications are much more stringent than for spoken language interpreters
 - Federal & State Legislation
 - Legal Setting vs. Non-Legal Setting
- Currently no statute regulating spoken language interpreters



Colorado Statute CRS 13-90-201 through 13-90-209

- Certified by he Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf (RID)
- Complete at least 100 hours of specialized legal training
- Abide by a Code of Professional Conduct requiring neutrality and confidentiality



Colorado Title Protection Act

- Cannot use the titles...
 - Sign language interpreter
 - Deaf interpreter...
- ...<u>Unless</u> you hold RID certification
- Those not holding RID certification are <u>strongly discouraged</u> from acting as an interpreter for law enforcement personnel

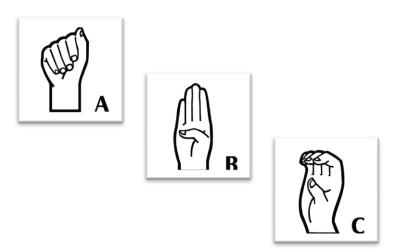
When/How to Obtain an Interpreter

- Length, complexity, and deaf person's communication abilities
- According to Title II of the ADA, police officers are responsible for calling/providing the interpreter
- Call dispatch
- Billing already approved by Chief White





- Questions/comments
- Teach ABCs
- Teach basic signs



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